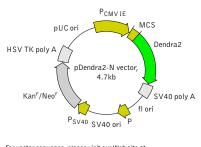


pDendra2-N vector

The vector sequence has been compiled using the information from sequence databases, published literature, and other sources, together with partial sequences obtained by Evrogen. This vector has not been completely sequenced.



For vector sequence, please visit our Web site at http://www.evrogen.com/support/vector-info.shtml

pDendra2-N vector MCS

Afe I
Xho I
Hind III
Pst I
Apa I
Apa I
BamH I

...
GCT. AGC. GCT. ACC. GGA. CTC. AGA. TCT. CGA. GCT. CAA. GCT. TCG. AAT. TCT. GCA. GTC. GAC. GGC. GGC. CCG. GGA. TCC. ACC. GGG. CCG. GGA. CCC. CAC. CAT. GA . . .
Dendra2

Nhe I
Bg1 II
Sac I
EcoR I
Sal I
Sal I
Sma I/Xma I*
Age I

not unique site.

Location of features

P_{CMV IE}: 1-589 Enhancer region: 59-465 TATA box: 554-560 Transcription start point: 583 MCS: 591-678 DendraV Kozak consensus translation initiation site: 672-682 Start codon (ATG): 679-681; Stop codon: 1369-1371 SV40 early mRNA polyadenylation signal Polyadenylation signals: 1524-1529 & 1553-1558 mRNA 3' ends: 1562 & 1574 f1 single-strand DNA origin: 1621-2076 Eukarvotic promoter for expression of Kan^r gene -35 region: 2138-2143; -10 region: 2161-2166 Transcription start point: 2173 SV40 origin of replication: 2417-2552 SV40 early promoter Enhancer (72-bp tandem repeats): 2250-2321 & 2322-2393 21-bp repeats: 2397-2417, 2418-2438 & 2440-2460 Early promoter element: 2473-2479 Major transcription start points: 2469, 2507, 2513 & 2518 Kanamycin/neomycin resistance gene Neomycin phosphotransferase coding sequences:

Start codon (ATG): 2601-2603; Stop codon: 3393-3395 G->A mutation to remove Pst I site: 2783 C->A (Arg to Ser) mutation to remove BssH II site: 3129

Herpes simplex virus (HSV) thymidine kinase (TK) polyadenylation signal Polyadenylation signals: 3631-3636 & 3644-3649

pUC plasmid replication origin: 3980-4623

References

Gorman (1985). "High efficiency gene transfer into mammalian cells." In: DNA cloning: A Practical Approach, Vol. II. Ed. by Glover. (IRL Press, Oxford, U.K.) Pp. 143–90.

Haas et al. (1996) "Codon usage limitation in the expression of HIV-1 envelope glycoprotein." Curr Biol, 6 (3): 315-24 / pmid: 8805248

Kozak (1987) "An analysis of 5'-noncoding sequences from 699 vertebrate messenger RNAs." Nucleic Acids Res, 15 (20): 8125–48 / pmid: 3313277

Vector description

pDendra2-N is a mammalian expression vector encoding green l red fluorescent protein Dendra2. The vector allows generation of fusions to the Dendra2 N-terminus and expression of Dendra2 fusions or Dendra2 alone in eukaryotic (mammalian) cells.

Dendra2 codon usage is optimized for high expression in mammalian cells (humanized) [Haas et al. 1996]. To increase mRNA translation efficiency, Kozak consensus translation initiation site is generated upstream of Dendra2 sequence [Kozak 1987]. Multiple cloning site (MCS) is located between $P_{CMV\,IE}$ and Dendra2 coding sequence.

The vector backbone contains immediate early promoter of cytomegalovirus ($P_{CMV | E}$) for protein expression, SV40 origin for replication in mammalian cells expressing SV40 T-antigen, pUC origin of replication for propagation in *E. coli* and f1 origin for single-stranded DNA production. SV40 polyadenylation signals (SV40 poly A) direct proper processing of the 3'-end of the reporter mRNA.

SV40 early promoter (P_{SV40}) provides neomycin resistance gene (Neo^r) expression to select stably transfected eukaryotic cells using G418. Bacterial promoter (P) provides kanamycin resistance gene expression (Kan^r) in *E. coli*. Kan^r/Neo^r gene is linked with herpes simplex virus (HSV) thymidine kinase (TK) polyadenylation signals.

Generation of Dendra2-tagged fusions

A localization signal or a gene of interest should be cloned into MCS of the vector. It will be expressed as a fusion to the Dendra2 N-terminus when inserted in the same reading frame as Dendra2 and no in-frame stop codons are present. The inserted sequence should contain an initiating ATG codon. Dendra2-tagged fusions retain fluorescent properties of the native protein allowing fusion localization *in vivo*. Unmodified vector will express Dendra2, when transfected into eukaryotic (mammalian) cells.

Note: The plasmid DNA was isolated from dam⁺-methylated *E.coli*. Therefore some restriction sites are blocked by methylation. If you wish to digest the vector using such sites you will need to transform the vector into a dam⁻ host and make fresh DNA.

Expression in mammalian cells

pDendra2-N vector can be transfected into mammalian cells by any known transfection method. If required, stable transformants can be selected using G418 [Gorman 1985].

Propagation in E. coli

Suitable host strains for propagation in *E. coli* include DH5alpha, HB101, XL1-Blue, and other general purpose strains. Plasmid incompatibility group is pMB1/ColE1. The vector confers resistance to kanamycin (30 μ g/ml) to *E. coli* hosts. Copy number in *E. coli* is about 500.

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The CMV promoter is covered under U.S. Patents 5,168,062 and 5,385,839, and its use is permitted for research purposes only. Any other use of the CMV promoter requires a license from the University of Iowa Research Foundation, 214 Technology Innovation Center, Iowa City, IA 52242.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET INFORMATION: To the best of our knowledge, these products do not require a Material Safety Data Sheet. However, all the properties of these products (and, if applicable, each of their components) have not been thoroughly investigated. Therefore, we recommend that you use gloves and eye protection, and wear a laboratory coat when working with these products.

Product	Cat.#	Size	
pDendra2-N vector	FP822	20 μ g	
The price does not include delivery. The price varie	es in different countries. Please contact y	our local distributor for exact prices and delivery infor	mation
Vector type	mammalian expression vector		
Reporter	Dendra2		
Reporter codon usage	mammalian		
Promoter for Dendra2	P _{CMV IE}		
Host cells	mammalian		
Selection	prokaryotic - kanamycin		
	eukaryotic - neomycin (G418)		
Replication	prokaryotic - pUC ori		
	eukaryotic - SV40 ori		
Use	Dendra2 expression in mammalian cells; generation of		
	fusions to the Dendra2 N-terminus		